

FINGERING CHART

E♭ BARITONE SAXOPHONE

Instrument Care Reminders

Before putting your instrument back in its case after playing, do the following:

- Remove the reed, wipe off excess moisture and return it to the reed case.
- Remove the mouthpiece and wipe the inside with a clean cloth. Once a week, wash the mouthpiece with warm tap water. Dry thoroughly.
- Loosen the neck screw and remove the neck. Shake out excess moisture and dry the neck with a neck cleaner.
- Use a body swab to dry the inside of your instrument. Or, drop the weight of a chamois or cotton swab into the bell. Pull the swab through the body several times. Return the instrument to its case.
- Your case is designed to hold only specific objects. If you try to force anything else into the case, it may damage your instrument.

○ = Open

● = Pressed down

The most common fingering appears first when two fingerings are shown.



FINGERING CHART

E♭ BARITONE SAXOPHONE

A musical staff with a treble clef, four notes (two with sharp signs, two with flats), and a measure end symbol. To the right is a circle divided into four quadrants, with the top-right quadrant shaded black.

A musical staff with a treble clef on the left. In the center, there is a large letter 'B'. To the right of the staff, there is a circle with a dot inside it, followed by a series of circles with dots, some of which are filled black.

A musical staff with a treble clef, four sharp signs, and two rests. To the right is a circle with a plus sign inside.

A musical staff with a treble clef on the left. Above the staff is a large letter 'D'. Below the staff is a circle containing a minus sign (-).

A musical staff with five horizontal lines. It features a treble clef at the top. The first note is an eighth note with a sharp sign (D#). The second note is a quarter note with a flat sign (Eb). The third note is a half note with a sharp sign (D#). The fourth note is a quarter note with a flat sign (Eb). The fifth note is a half note with a sharp sign (D#). To the right of the staff, there is a vertical line with a series of black dots above it, and a circle with a vertical line through it below it.

A musical staff with a treble clef on the top line. An 'E' note is positioned on the middle line. To the right is a circle containing a minus sign.

A musical staff with a treble clef, four sharps, and one flat. It contains a quarter note, a half note, a quarter note, and a half note. To the right is a diagram showing a vertical column of circles. The top four circles are solid black, representing quarter notes. The bottom two circles are hollow with a black dot in the center, representing eighth notes. Below the staff is the word 'or'.

A musical staff with a treble clef, four sharps, and one flat. It contains a quarter note, a half note, a quarter note, and a half note. To the right is a 12/8 time signature symbol, consisting of a circle with 12 dots and a 'B' below it.

A musical staff consisting of five horizontal lines. A treble clef is positioned on the top line. A note with a vertical stem and a short horizontal stroke (a quaver) is placed on the second line. Two rests, each consisting of three vertical dots, are placed on the fourth and fifth lines respectively.

A musical staff with five horizontal lines. On the first line, there is a note with a vertical stem and a sharp sign (#) above it. On the second line, there is a note with a vertical stem and a sharp sign (#) above it. On the third line, there is a note with a vertical stem and a sharp sign (#) above it. On the fourth line, there is a note with a vertical stem and a sharp sign (#) above it. On the fifth line, there is a note with a vertical stem and a sharp sign (#) above it. To the right of the staff, there is a vertical line with a circle at the top and a vertical line with a circle at the bottom, followed by a vertical line with a circle at the top and a vertical line with a circle at the bottom, and so on.

A musical staff consisting of five horizontal lines. On the far left is a treble clef. In the center is a note with a vertical stem and a top that looks like the letter 'D'. On the far right is a bass clef, also with a vertical stem.

A musical staff with five horizontal lines. On the first line, there is a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭). On the second line, there is a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭). On the third line, there is a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭). On the fourth line, there is a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭). On the fifth line, there is a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭). To the right of the staff, there are two measures of music. The first measure has a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭). The second measure has a note with a sharp sign (F#) and a note with a flat sign (E♭).

or